

RY-003-1016042

Seat No.

B. Sc. (Sem. VI) (CBCS) (W.I.F. 2016) Examination March - 2019

Biotechnology: Paper - BT-602

(Analytical Technique in Biotechnology) (New Course)

Faculty Code: 003

Subject Code: 1016042

Time : $2\frac{1}{2}$ Hours] [Total Marks : 70

Instructions: (1) All questions are compulsory.

- (2) Right side figures indicate marks of the question.
- 1 (A) Objective type questions:

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- (1) Write the unit of radioactivity.
- (2) What is the use of scintillation counting?
- (3) What do you understand by α -decay.
- (4) Write one example of radioactive isotope.
- (B) Answer in brief: (Any One out of Two)

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- (1) Write any two health hazards associated with radioactivity.
- (2) Discuss type of radioactivity.
- (C) Answer in detail: (Any One out of Two)

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- (1) Write notes on detection and measurement of Radioactivity.
- (2) Write on scintillation counting.

	(D)	write a note on: (Any One out of Two)		
		(1)	Explain the application of Radioactivity.	
		(2)	Give detail account of Autoradiography.	
2	(A)	Objective type questions:		
		(1)	Define isoelectric point.	
		(2)	Which centrifugation is generally used to separate organelles and other sub-cellular particles on the basis of sedimentation rate.	
		(3)	Write role of ammonium persulphate in electrophoresis.	
		(4)	Define Isopycnic Centrifugation.	
	(B)	Answer in brief: (Any One out of Two)		
		(1)	Write about support media.	
		(2)	What do you understand by 2D PAGE.	
	(C)	Answer in detail : (Any One out of Two)		
		(1)	Write basic principle of electrophoresis.	
		(2)	Explain the principle of sedimentation.	
	(D)	Write a note on: (Any One out of Two)		5
		(1)	Explain the SDS PAGE in detail.	
		(2)	Discuss the different component of centrifuge.	
3	(A)	Objective type questions:		
		(1)	What is emission spectra?	
		(2)	Write one Biological application of X-rays.	
		(3)	What is use of microtiter plate?	
		(4)	Define extinction coefficient.	

	(B)	Answer in brief: (Any One out of Two)		
		(1)	Differentiate refraction and diffraction.	
		(2)	Explain Bragg's law.	
	(C)	Answer in detail : (Any One out of Two)		
		(1)	Write the properties of electromagnetic radiation.	
		(2)	What is Beer-Lamberts law.	
	(D)	Write a note on: (Any One out of Two)		
		(1)	Write principle and application of UV-Visible light spectroscopy.	
		(2)	Give the detail account of NMR.	
4	(A)	Objective type questions :		
		(1)	Define Rf value.	
		(2)	What is partition coefficient.	
		(3)	Write the role of detector in GC.	
		(4)	What are ion exchangers ?	
	(B)	Answer in brief: (Any One out of Two)		
		(1)	What are importance of stationary and supporting phase in chromatography.	
		(2)	Write properties of solvent used in chromatography.	
	(C)	Answer in detail : (Any One out of Two)		3
		(1)	Write on size exclusion chromatography.	
		(2)	What are the difference between HPLC and UPLC?	
	(D)	Wri	te a note on : (Any One out of Two)	5
	•	(1)	Discuss about TLC in detail.	
		(2)	Explain principle,instrumentation and application of GC.	

5 (A) Objective type questions: 4 Define nanotube. (1) Write role of transducer in Biosensor. (3) What is electrometer tube? (4) Why IPR is needed. Answer in brief: (Any One out of Two) 2 (1) Write principle of Biosensor. Discuss application of Biosensor. (C) Answer in detail: (Any One out of Two) 3 Write application of nanotechnology. Explain different type of Biosensor. (D) Write a note on: (Any One out of Two) 5 Explain the principle and instrumentation of Mass spectroscopy. Define Patent. What are the criteria for granting (2) patent?